

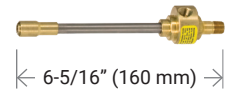
# Sub-Zero Spot Cooling from Compressed Air

Vortex tubes produce up to 6000 BTU/hr (1757 watts) of refrigeration and temperatures as low as -40° to solve a variety of industrial spot cooling and process cooling needs. With no moving parts, a vortex tube is highly reliable and inexpensive; and requires no electrical connection at the cooling site. Vortex tubes cool instantly, relying only on compressed air spinning in the tube to separate the air into cold and hot air streams.

As an effective and low-cost solution to a wide variety of industrial spot and process cooling applications, Vortex tube performance is easily adjustable. While normally used for cooling, vortex tubes can also be used for heating applications, merely by channeling the exhaust hot air to the application.

Vortec was the first company to develop and apply the vortex phenomenon into practical and effective cooling solutions for industrial use in 1961. Since then, vortex tubes have been applied for a wide range of cooling applications on machines, assembly lines, in processes and for testing and measurements.

**MODEL 106**



**MODEL 208**



**MODEL 208 HSS**



**MODEL 308**



**MODEL 328**



| Model Number                    | 106-2-H                 | 106-4-H | 106-8-H | 208-11-H | 208-15-H | 208-25-H | 208-11-HSS      | 208-15-HSS | 208-25-HSS | 308-35-H | 328-100-H |      |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|-----------------|------------|------------|----------|-----------|------|
| <b>Material of Construction</b> | Brass / Stainless Steel |         |         | Aluminum |          |          | Stainless Steel |            |            | Aluminum |           |      |
| <b>Air Consumption</b>          | SCFM                    | 2       | 4       | 8        | 11       | 15       | 25              | 11         | 15         | 25       | 35        | 100  |
|                                 | SLPM                    | 57      | 113     | 226      | 311      | 425      | 708             | 311        | 425        | 708      | 991       | 2830 |
| <b>Cooling Capacity</b>         | BTU/hr                  | 100     | 200     | 400      | 640      | 900      | 1500            | 640        | 900        | 1500     | 2650      | 6000 |
|                                 | kCal/hr                 | 25      | 50      | 101      | 161      | 227      | 378             | 161        | 227        | 378      | 668       | 1512 |

## Applications

Injection Moulding  
Spot Cooling

Gas Sampling  
Assembly Cooling

Heat Sealing Operations  
Temperature Cycling

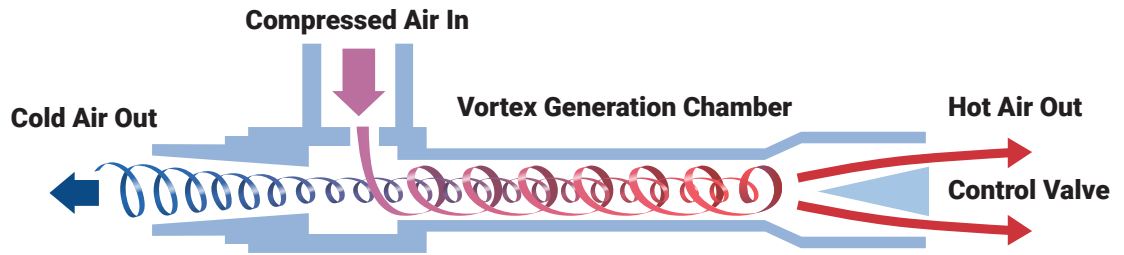
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## How It Works



**A Vortex Tube spins compressed air to produce hot and cold air streams, generating temperatures down to 100°F below inlet temperature.**

Fluid (air) that rotates around an axis (like a tornado) is called a vortex. A Vortex Tube creates cold air by forcing compressed air through a generation chamber, spinning the air at a high rate of speed (1,000,000 RPM) into a vortex. The high-speed air heats up as it spins along the vortex generation chamber's inner walls toward the control valve. A percentage of hot, high-speed air is permitted to exit at the valve. The remainder of the (now slower) air stream is forced to counterflow up through the center of the high-speed air stream in a second vortex. The slower moving air gives up energy in the form of heat and becomes cooled as it spins back through the generation chamber. The chilled air continues back through the generation chamber, finally exiting the opposite end as extremely cold air. Vortex Tubes generate temperatures down to 100°F below inlet air temperatures. The control valve, located in the tube's hot exhaust end, can be used to adjust the temperature drop and rise for all Vortex Tubes. (See Cold Fraction chart below).

## Cold Fraction

The table below shows approximate temperature drop and rise achieved by vortex tubes when adjusted to various cold fractions. Cold Fraction is the percentage of cold air produced versus total filtered compressed air consumed by any Vortex Tube.

- Numbers on White Bar = Temperature Drop
- Numbers on Blue Bar = Temperature Rise

| COLD FRACTION | 10       |     | 20 |     | 30 |     | 40 |     | 50 |     | 60 |     | 70 |     | 80 |     | 90  |     |     |
|---------------|----------|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|               | PSIG/BAR | °F  | °C | °F  | °C | °F  | °C | °F  | °C | °F  | °C | °F  | °C | °F  | °C | °F  | °C  | °F  | °C  |
| 20 / 1.4      |          | 63  | 35 | 62  | 34 | 60  | 33 | 56  | 31 | 51  | 28 | 44  | 24 | 36  | 20 | 28  | 15  | 17  | 9   |
|               |          | 7   | 4  | 15  | 8  | 25  | 14 | 36  | 20 | 50  | 28 | 64  | 36 | 83  | 46 | 107 | 59  | 148 | 82  |
| 40 / 2.8      |          | 91  | 51 | 88  | 49 | 85  | 47 | 80  | 44 | 73  | 41 | 63  | 35 | 52  | 28 | 38  | 21  | 29  | 14  |
|               |          | 9   | 5  | 21  | 11 | 35  | 19 | 52  | 29 | 71  | 39 | 92  | 51 | 117 | 65 | 147 | 82  | 220 | 122 |
| 60 / 4.1      |          | 107 | 59 | 104 | 58 | 100 | 56 | 93  | 52 | 84  | 47 | 73  | 41 | 60  | 33 | 45  | 25  | 29  | 16  |
|               |          | 10  | 6  | 24  | 13 | 40  | 22 | 59  | 33 | 80  | 44 | 104 | 58 | 132 | 73 | 168 | 93  | 236 | 131 |
| 80 / 5.5      |          | 119 | 66 | 115 | 64 | 110 | 61 | 102 | 57 | 92  | 51 | 80  | 44 | 66  | 36 | 49  | 27  | 31  | 17  |
|               |          | 11  | 7  | 25  | 14 | 43  | 24 | 63  | 35 | 86  | 48 | 113 | 63 | 143 | 79 | 181 | 101 | 249 | 138 |
| 100 / 6.9     |          | 127 | 71 | 123 | 68 | 118 | 66 | 110 | 61 | 99  | 55 | 86  | 48 | 71  | 39 | 53  | 29  | 33  | 18  |
|               |          | 12  | 8  | 26  | 14 | 45  | 25 | 67  | 37 | 91  | 51 | 119 | 66 | 151 | 84 | 192 | 107 | 252 | 140 |
| 120 / 8.3     |          | 133 | 74 | 129 | 72 | 124 | 69 | 119 | 64 | 104 | 58 | 91  | 50 | 74  | 41 | 55  | 31  | 34  | 19  |
|               |          | 13  | 8  | 27  | 14 | 46  | 26 | 69  | 38 | 84  | 52 | 123 | 68 | 156 | 87 | 195 | 108 | 257 | 142 |
| 140 / 9.7     |          | 139 | 78 | 135 | 75 | 129 | 72 | 127 | 67 | 109 | 61 | 94  | 52 | 76  | 42 | 57  | 32  | 35  | 20  |
|               |          | 14  | 8  | 28  | 16 | 47  | 27 | 71  | 39 | 96  | 53 | 124 | 69 | 157 | 88 | 196 | 109 | 259 | 144 |

### Table Baseline

- Compressed air temperature: 70°F / 21°C
- Pressure Dew Point: -25°F / -32°C
- Compressed Air Pressure: 100 psig (6.9 bar)
- Backpressure: Temperature drops and rises in the chart are based on zero (0) backpressure on the hot and cold outlets of the vortex tube.
- Backpressure exceeding 5 psig (0.3 bar) will reduce the performance of the vortex tube.

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